

The Mekong Fish Network Expanding The Capacity Of The People And Institutions Of The Mekong River Basin To Share Information And Conduct Standardized Fisheries Monitoring

Mekong NewsAnnual ReportMapping ASEANSoutheast AsiaSharing the GoodBerkshire Encyclopedia of Sustainability 7/10New TimesParliamentary PapersWhere the Water GoesStudy Report on Wetland Agriculture and Water Management in the Mekong RegionFAO Economic and Social Development PaperValues of Inland Fisheries in the Mekong River BasinMekong Secretariat NotesFocus on Southeast AsiaBritannica Junior Encyclopaedia for Boys and GirlsDaily ReportThe Colombo PlanINFOFISH InternationalCommittee on Commodity Problems Intergovernmental Group on Rice, Thirty-seventh Session, Bangkok, Thailand, 28 November-2 December 1994Journal of Geographical SciencesReportVietnam, a Development PerspectiveThe Biodiversity Observation Network in the Asia-Pacific RegionFAO Fisheries Technical PaperAgricultural Policy Analysis for Transition to a Market-oriented Economy in Viet NamEnvironment and Development in Southeast AsiaAn Inventory of Wetlands of the Lao P.D.R.Review of Protected Areas and Development in the Four Countries of the Lower Mekong River RegionGuidelines on the Collection of Demographic and Socio-economic Information on Fishing Communities for Use in Coastal and Aquatic Resources ManagementSessional PapersVietnam Economic NewsDevelopment BusinessAquaculture Towards the 21st CenturyOfficial RecordsMekong BulletinContested Waterscapes in the Mekong RegionLast Days of the Mighty MekongFAO Aquaculture NewsletterAnnual reportTechnical Assistance (financed by the Japan Special Fund) for Strengthening Regional Networking for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises in Brunei-Indonesia-Malaysia-Philippines East ASEAN Growth Area

Mekong News

Annual Report

Mapping ASEAN

Southeast Asia

Sharing the Good

Berkshire Encyclopedia of Sustainability 7/10

New Times

Parliamentary Papers

Where the Water Goes

This comprehensive survey of Southeast Asia addresses the specific problems related to the uneven economic development of the region versus the rest of the world and within the context of the geography, history, culture, society, and economics of that region. While the emphasis is on the present, it examines the past as a means of understanding current patterns. Addressing the latest issues and developments relating to Southeast Asia, this book also presents the indigenous culture, external forces, population and settlement characteristics, and economic patterns of the region. The book covers a wide range of settings and conditions, from the chaos and isolation of the politics in Myanmar, Laos, and Cambodia to the economic development in Singapore. It also presents the inequality and poverty in nations where economic progress has been recorded. An essential resource for anyone doing business in Southeast Asia, or traveling to the region.

Study Report on Wetland Agriculture and Water Management in the Mekong Region

Biological diversity is important for ecosystem function and services, which in turn is essential for human well-being. Under the Convention on Biological Diversity, international efforts have been made to achieve a significant reduction in the current rate of biodiversity loss. The loss continues, however. The Asia-Pacific region includes both developing countries with high biodiversity and developed countries with sophisticated data collection and analyses, but only limited information about the status quo of biodiversity in this region has been available. Many Asia-Pacific countries have rapidly grown their economies and social infrastructures, causing a loss of biodiversity and requiring an urgent mandate to achieve a balance between development and conservation in the region. In December 2009, scientists successfully organized the Asia-Pacific Biodiversity Observation Network in the region, to establish a network for research and monitoring of ecosystems and

Where To Download The Mekong Fish Network Expanding The Capacity Of The People And Institutions Of The Mekong River Basin To Share Information And Conduct Standardized Fisheries Monitoring

biodiversity and to build a cooperative framework. The present volume is the first collection of information on biodiversity in the Asia-Pacific and represents a quantum step forward in science that optimizes the synergy between development and biodiversity conservation.

FAO Economic and Social Development Paper

Values of Inland Fisheries in the Mekong River Basin

Mekong Secretariat Notes

Focus on Southeast Asia

Britannica Junior Encyclopaedia for Boys and Girls

Daily Report

The water resources of the Mekong river catchment area, from China, through Thailand, Cambodia and Laos to Vietnam, are increasingly contested. Governments, companies and banks are driving new investment in roads, dams, diversions, irrigation schemes, navigation facilities, power plants and other emblems of conventional "development." Their plans and interventions pose multiple burdens and risks to the livelihoods of millions of people dependent on wetlands, floodplains, fisheries and aquatic resources.

The Colombo Plan

Under FAO initiative on eco-friendly water management for sustainable wetland agriculture, the Asian Institute of Technology (AIT), as the service provider, prepared the Study Report on Wetland Agriculture and Water Management in Mekong Region study report on wetland agriculture and water management in the Mekong Region for further program

Where To Download The Mekong Fish Network Expanding The Capacity Of The People And Institutions Of The Mekong River Basin To Share Information And Conduct Standardized Fisheries Monitoring

formulation. The overall objective is to review the current water management in relation to agriculture and identify the good practices and experiences of water management as a win-win solution for agriculture production and wetland conservation and recommend program formulation on eco-friendly water management for sustainable wetland agriculture. The expected outcome of the overall initiative is sustainable use of wetland to stress both productive and ecological functions of agriculture. The outputs aim to provide the solution as a win-win strategy for wetland and agriculture through eco-friendly water management, which will contribute to the ecological health, function and integrity of the Mekong Wetland Agriculture Ecosystem. Country consultation workshops were conducted for Cambodia, Laos, Thailand, and Vietnam to increase awareness on the issues of sustainable wetland management, and identify the threats, gaps and needs, priorities, and way forward towards sustainable use of wetlands in the Mekong Region.

INFOFISH International

An eye-opening account of where our water comes from and where it all goes. The Colorado River is an essential resource for a surprisingly large part of the United States, and every gallon that flows down it is owned or claimed by someone. David Owen traces all that water from the Colorado's headwaters to its parched terminus, once a verdant wetland but now a million-acre desert. He takes readers on an adventure downriver, along a labyrinth of waterways, reservoirs, power plants, farms, fracking sites, ghost towns, and RV parks, to the spot near the U.S.-Mexico border where the river runs dry. Water problems in the western United States can seem tantalizingly easy to solve: just turn off the fountains at the Bellagio, stop selling hay to China, ban golf, cut down the almond trees, and kill all the lawyers. But a closer look reveals a vast man-made ecosystem that is far more complex and more interesting than the headlines let on. The story Owen tells in *Where the Water Goes* is crucial to our future: how a patchwork of engineering marvels, byzantine legal agreements, aging infrastructure, and neighborly cooperation enables life to flourish in the desert —and the disastrous consequences we face when any part of this tenuous system fails.

Committee on Commodity Problems Intergovernmental Group on Rice, Thirty-seventh Session, Bangkok, Thailand, 28 November-2 December 1994

Celebrated for its natural beauty and its abundance of wildlife, the Mekong river runs thousands of miles through China, Myanmar, Laos, Thailand, Cambodia, and Vietnam. Its basin is home to more than 70 million people and has for centuries been one of the world's richest agricultural areas and a biodynamic wonder. Today, however, it is undergoing profound changes. Development policies, led by a rising China in particular, aim to interconnect the region and urbanize the inhabitants. And a series of dams will harness the river's energy, while also stymieing its natural cycles and cutting off food supplies for swathes of the population. In *Last Days of the Mighty Mekong*, Brian Eyler travels from the river's headwaters in

Where To Download The Mekong Fish Network Expanding The Capacity Of The People And Institutions Of The Mekong River Basin To Share Information And Conduct Standardized Fisheries Monitoring

China to its delta in southern Vietnam to explore its modern evolution. Along the way he meets the region's diverse peoples, from villagers to community leaders, politicians to policy makers. Through conversations with them he reveals the urgent struggle to save the Mekong and its unique ecosystem.

Journal of Geographical Sciences

Report

Vietnam, a Development Perspective

The Biodiversity Observation Network in the Asia-Pacific Region

China, India, and East and Southeast Asia: Assessing Sustainability provides unprecedented analyses by regional experts and scholars elsewhere in the world on China, India, and their neighbors. Despite growing demands internally on their natural resources (China and India alone are home to more than one-third of the world's population), the expanding global economic influence of this region makes these countries vital players in a sustainable future for all citizens of the Earth. Regional coverage includes topics such as business and commerce, environmental and corporate law, and lifestyles and values.

FAO Fisheries Technical Paper

Agricultural Policy Analysis for Transition to a Market-oriented Economy in Viet Nam

Environment and Development in Southeast Asia

These guidelines specify key indicators for the identification of demographic issues in coastal area management and for monitoring the impact of management measures on the socio-economic well-being of coastal and fishing communities. The

Where To Download The Mekong Fish Network Expanding The Capacity Of The People And Institutions Of The Mekong River Basin To Share Information And Conduct Standardized Fisheries Monitoring

guidelines also identify data sources and methods for the collection of data. Case studies on the use of demographic data in coastal area management in Italy and the United States of America, and a summary of the proceedings of a regional workshop on the use of demographic data in coastal area management in the Philippines and other Southeast and South Asian countries provide practical examples of how demographic indicators are used.

An Inventory of Wetlands of the Lao P.D.R.

Review of Protected Areas and Development in the Four Countries of the Lower Mekong River Region

Guidelines on the Collection of Demographic and Socio-economic Information on Fishing Communities for Use in Coastal and Aquatic Resources Management

Sessional Papers

Vietnam Economic News

Development Business

This publication is a compilation of up-to-date information on each wetland in the country. An overview of wetlands in Lao P.D.R. and management issues are also discussed in detail.

Aquaculture Towards the 21st Century

Official Records

Where To Download The Mekong Fish Network Expanding The Capacity Of The People And Institutions Of The Mekong River Basin To Share Information And Conduct Standardized Fisheries Monitoring

Mekong Bulletin

For half a century, ten dynamic nations in Southeast Asia have been implementing a shared vision of economic growth, sustainable development, and cultural progress. Today, the economies of those nations are linked inextricably with the future of greater Asia as well as with the United States and the other Western countries. With authoritarianism and protectionism on the rise around the world and the catastrophic effects of global warming making action urgent, the nations that form the Association of Southeast Asian Nations are more relevant and under greater political and social stress than ever. In these illuminating pages, David Carden, the first American resident ambassador to ASEAN, paints a vivid portrait of the regional and global cooperation required to meet today, and interconnected future. Carden takes us behind the scenes as the leaders of these ten nations work to prepare their countries and their region for the 21st century. Carden persuasively argues that the unfolding story of the ASEAN nations is a story for the entire world that we are all increasingly interdependent and confronted with the existential need to solve the same set of challenges.

Contested Waterscapes in the Mekong Region

Last Days of the Mighty Mekong

FAO Aquaculture Newsletter

Annual report

Technical Assistance (financed by the Japan Special Fund) for Strengthening Regional Networking for Small and Medium-sized Enterprises in Brunei-Indonesia-Malaysia-Philippines East ASEAN Growth Area

Where To Download The Mekong Fish Network Expanding The Capacity Of The People And Institutions Of The Mekong River Basin To Share Information And Conduct Standardized Fisheries Monitoring

[ROMANCE](#) [ACTION & ADVENTURE](#) [MYSTERY & THRILLER](#) [BIOGRAPHIES & HISTORY](#) [CHILDREN'S](#) [YOUNG ADULT](#) [FANTASY](#)
[HISTORICAL FICTION](#) [HORROR](#) [LITERARY FICTION](#) [NON-FICTION](#) [SCIENCE FICTION](#)